# CLIMATE IMPACTS: NATIONAL & NYC SPOTLIGHT

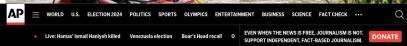
Created for NYC Faith Sector Climate Adaptation Working Group on 04.24.25

## Record flooding in Kentucky and Appalachia kills more victims as searches continue

JULY 29, 2022 · 2:56 PM ET

By Shauneen Miranda





**Record-breaking US heat wave scorches the Midwest and Northeast, bringing safety** measures



Published July 30, 2024 7:52am EDT | Updated July 30, 2024 9:59am EDT

# Catastrophic flooding in Vermont washes away roads, traps terrified residents amid Flash Flood Emergencies



Weathe

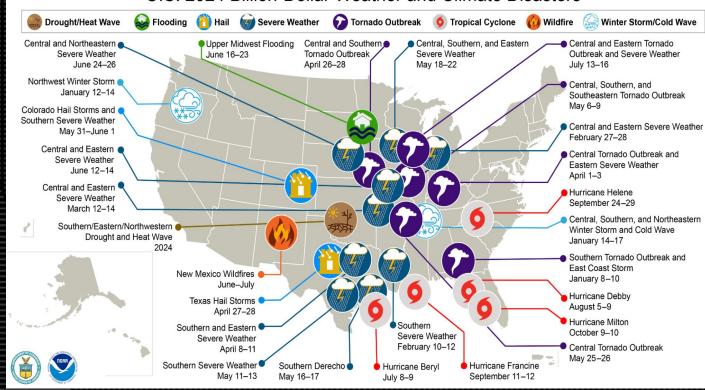
Add Topic ·

# Severe thunderstorms to hit Midwest with damaging winds, golf ball-size hail on Tuesday



In 2024, the U.S. experienced 27 disasters, due to extreme weather, each exceeding \$1 billion, totaling \$182.7 billion in losses and 568 fatalities.

### U.S. 2024 Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters





# **WE NEED:**

## **ADAPTATION**

ACTIONS TO MANAGE THE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE



# **MITIGATION**

ACTIONS TO REDUCE EMISSIONS THAT CAUSE CLIMATE CHANGE



management &

business continuity





Water and energy conservation







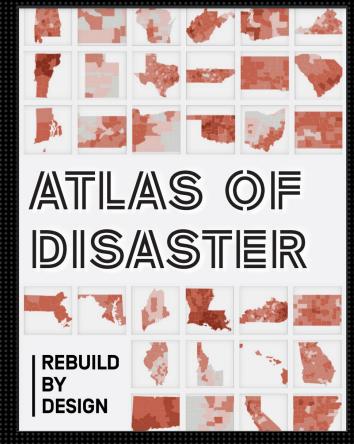
Energy efficiency





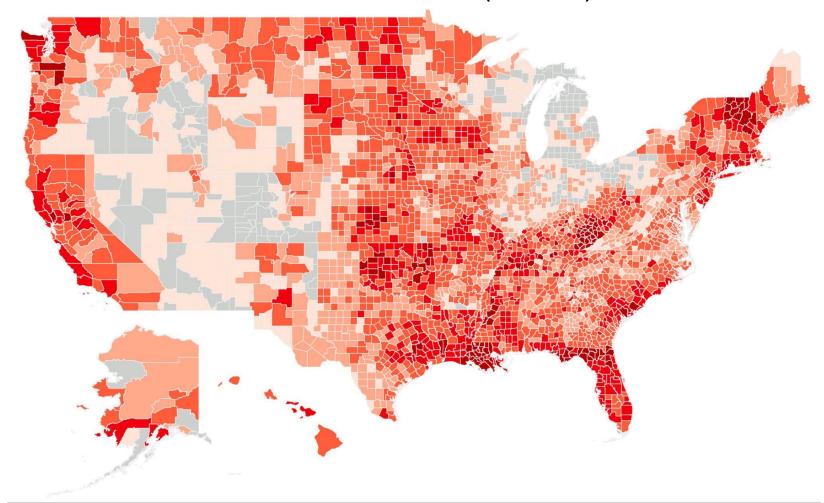
# **NATIONWIDE REPORT INCLUDES**

- County-level data for the entire U.S. over 300 maps
- Status of current disaster and adaptation practices, and discussion of what should be changed
- 3. Cost of Inaction
- Guide for States to build a Collaborative Program
- 5. New Finance tools
- 6. Cost Benefit Reform
- 7. Recommendations





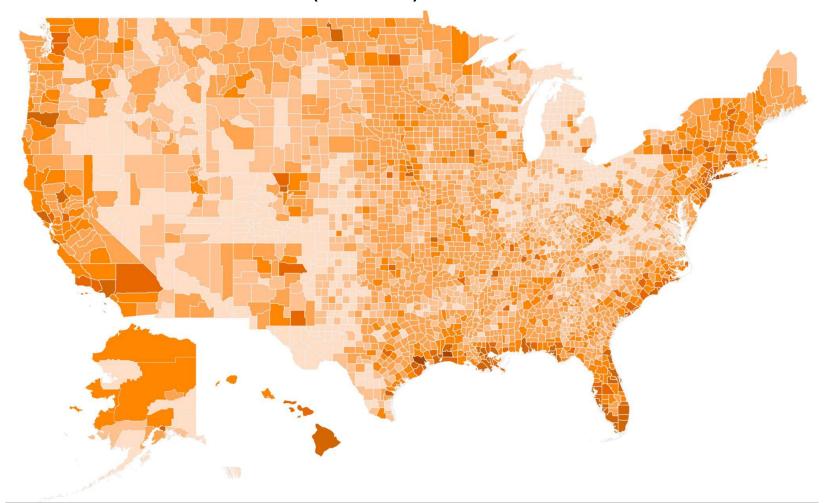
# **COUNTY-LEVEL FEDERAL DISASTER DECLARATIONS (2011-2024)**



# 92% OF U.S. COUNTIES HAVE FACED AT LEAST ONE FEDERALLY DECLARED WEATHER DISASTER SINCE 2011.

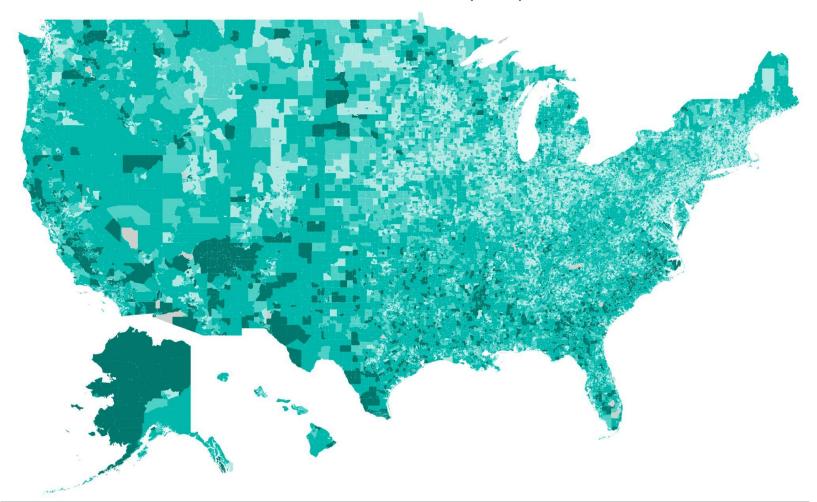
ONLY TWO DISTRICTS (OH-09 AND OH-13) HAVE NOT.

# **COUNTY-LEVEL FEMA OBLIGATIONS(2011-2024)**



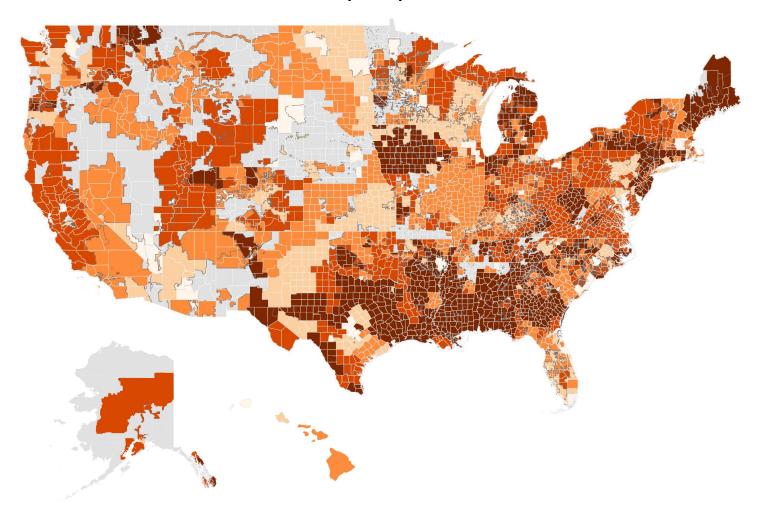
SINCE 2011, THE FEDERAL **GOVERNMENT HAS ALLOCATED** \$117.9 BILLION FOR EXTREME WEATHER **DISASTERS, INCLUDING** \$72.7B FROM FEMA AND \$45.2B FROM HUD CDBG-DR.

# **SOCIAL VULNERABILITY INDEX BY CENSUS TRACTS (2022)**





# **COUNTY LEVEL ENERGY RELIABILITY MAP (2021)**



# THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE ARE NOT EXPERIENCED EQUALLY.



# RACIAL JUSTICE

- After 4 years, a medium-sized disaster has caused an average 31-point decline in credit scores for people living in communities of color, whereas people living in majority white communities experienced a 4-point decline (Urban Institute).
- After federal aid has been distributed to communities that have experienced a disaster, predominantly white, well-educated home-owners experience a significant increase in wealth. Conversely, communities of color, particularly renters experience a decline wealth (Howell & Elliott).

# Why Does Disaster Aid Often Favor White People?

The federal government often gives less help to Black disaster survivors than their white neighbors. That's a challenge for President Biden, who has vowed to fight both inequality and climate change.







Charlotte Biagas and her husband, Norman, of Lake Charles, La., suffered sir damage. FEMA paid them \$7,000. Brandon Thibodeaux for The New York Times

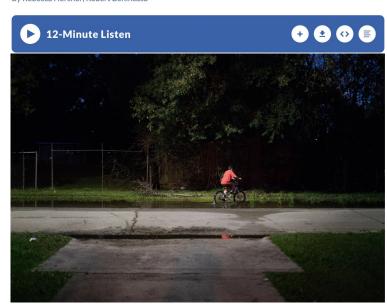


# **ECONOMIC JUSTICE**

- A medium-sized natural disaster leads to a 5% increase in the share of people with debt collections after one year, which doubles to 10% after four years (Urban Institute).
- 90% of smaller companies fail within a year following a disaster, unless they can resume operations within 5 days (FEMA).

# How Federal Disaster Money Favors The Rich

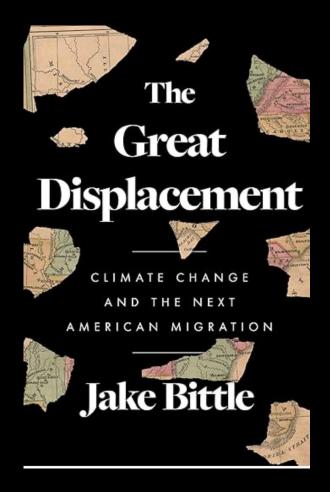
March 5, 2019 · 5:00 AM ET
Heard on All Things Considered
By Rebecca Hersher. Robert Benincasa



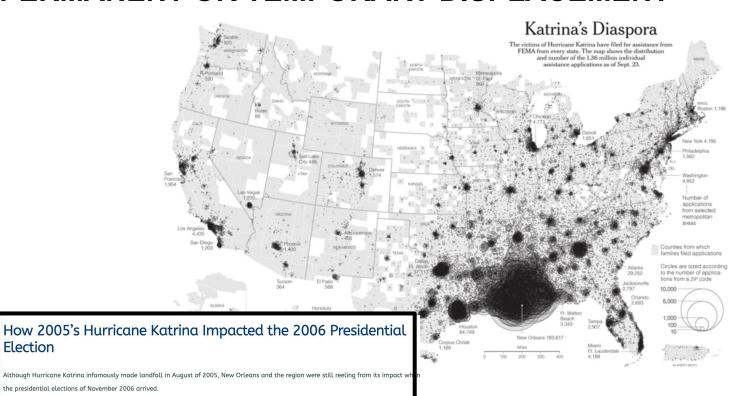


# HOUSING

OVER 4.5 MILLION AMERICAN
ADULTS REPORTED
DISPLACEMENT FROM AN
ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTER IN
THE 2024. (U.S. Census)



# PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY DISPLACEMENT

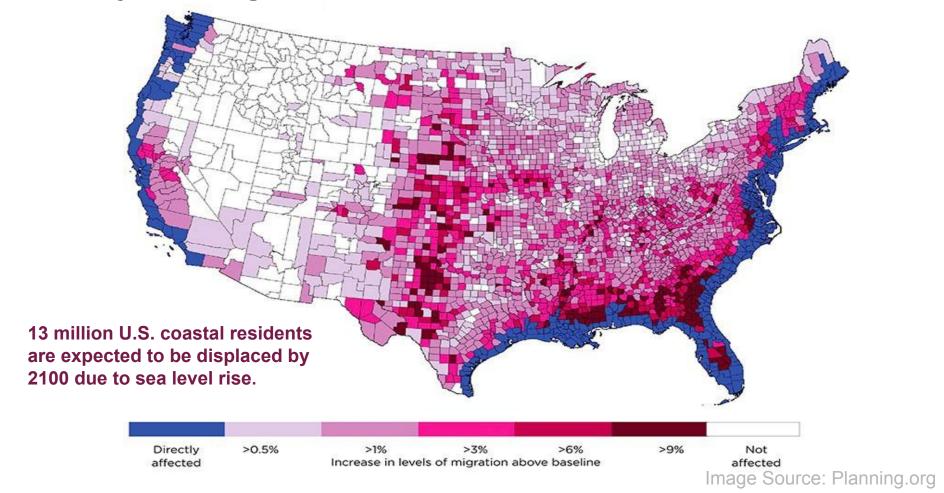


**National Flood Services** 

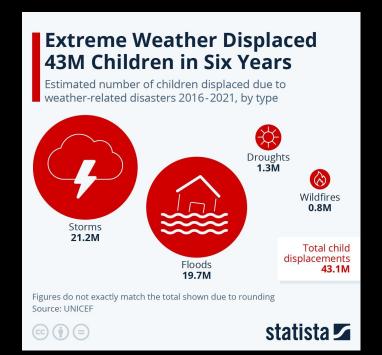
As the CRS Report for Congress states, "More than 600,000 displaced Louisiana residents, nearly half of them from the city of New Orleans were scattered across the country. In Mississippi, an estimated 66,000 persons [were] unable to return to their Gulf Coast communities."

Election

# **Projected Migration Patterns with Sea Level Rise**



# **CHILDREN**

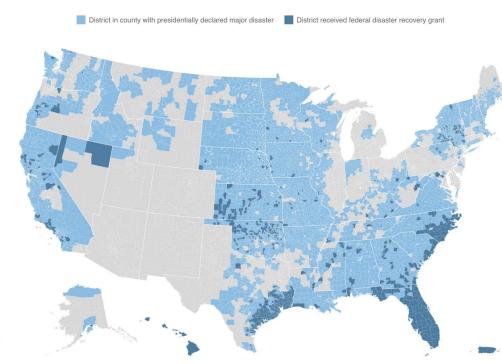


### Where Extreme Weather Has **Displaced the Most Children** Estimated number of children displaced due to weather-related disasters 2016-2021, by country Philippines ≥ 9.7M India 💿 6.7M China ( 6.4M Bangladesh 3.3M Somalia 🗪 1.7M United States 🕮 1.7M Ethiopia 🎉 1.3M Indonesia ( 1.0M Source: UNICEF statista **Z** (cc) (i) (=

# **EDUCATION**

- Reduction in educational attainment, lower academic performance, and higher rates of absenteeism among children who have experienced climate shocks.
- In the long run, this may reduce lifetime earnings when these children reach adulthood.

# School districts across the U.S. affected by major disasters in 2017-2019





Credit: Nick Underwood/NPR

# **GENDER**

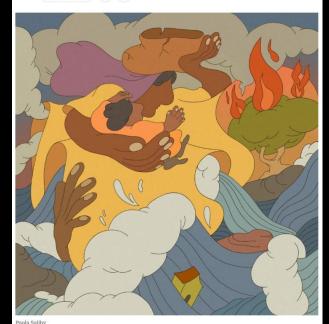
- During times of crisis, women and girls are more likely to shoulder additional burdens of household work.
- 80% of people displaced by climate change globally are women (UN Environment).
- When disasters strike, women are <u>less likely to</u>
   <u>survive</u> and more likely to be injured due to long
   standing gender inequalities that have created
   disparities in information, mobility, decision-making,
   and access to resources and training (UN Women).

IN HER WORDS

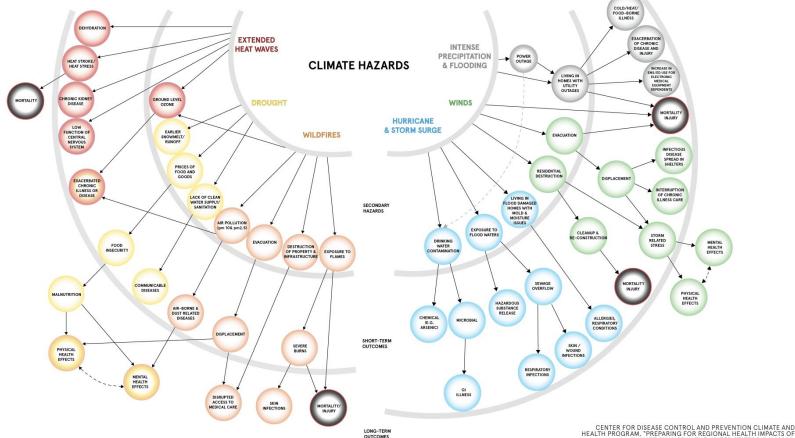
# The Climate Crisis Is Worse for Women. Here's Why.

Although climate change is a collective problem, its burdens — displacement, homelessness, poverty, sexual violence, disease — weigh more heavily on women and girls.





# CASCAIDIING IIMIPACTS OF CILIIMIATE EWENTS



CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTINCE AND PREVENTION CLIMATE AND HEALTH PROGRAM, "PREPARING FOR REGIONAL HEALTH IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE UNITED STATES," JULY 2020.

GAIL CARLSON, "HUMAN HEALTH AND THE CLIMATE CRISIS," JONES AND BARTLETT LEARNING, JAN. 2022.

# RECOGNIZING THE ROLE OF FAITH COMMUNITIES



WORLD VIEW | 30 March 2021 | Correction 08 April 2021

# People of faith are allies to stall climate change



Together, religious groups and scientists can be a powerful force for a liveable planet.

Tobias Müller ☑

Climate Justice

WHY FAITH COMMUNITIES MIGHT BE OUR BEST HOPE FOR FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

BY JEREMY DEATON

MAR 30, 2016

SHARE (Y)(f)(S)



**NEW YORK WILL BE HOTTER NEW YORK WILL BE COLDER** NEW YORK WILL BE WETTER AND WILL EXPERIENCE MORE EXTREME **CLIMATE EVENTS AND** 

3-6 FEET OF SEA LEVEL RISE

# **NEW YORK WILL BE HOTTER**

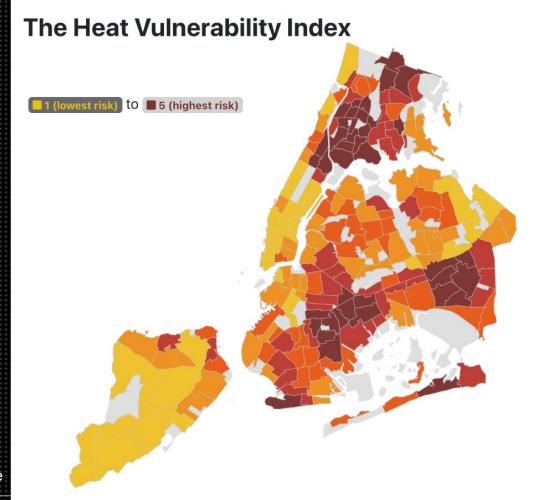
# NYC HEAT VULNERABILITY INDEX

3.4 million people live in high heat vulnerability census tracts.

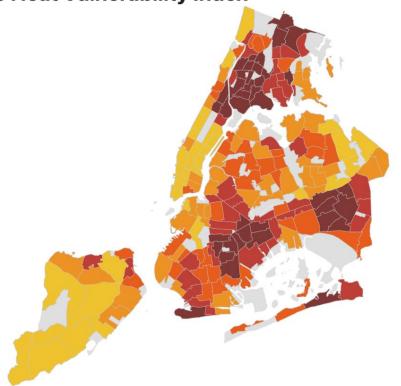
Each summer, an estimated 580 New Yorkers die prematurely because of hot weather in New York City.



Source: NYC Mayor's Office



The Heat Vulnerability Index



Effect a heighborhood to get data.	
	Clear

About Neighborhood Tabulation Areas.

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ZIPs ---

Heat vulnerability: ---

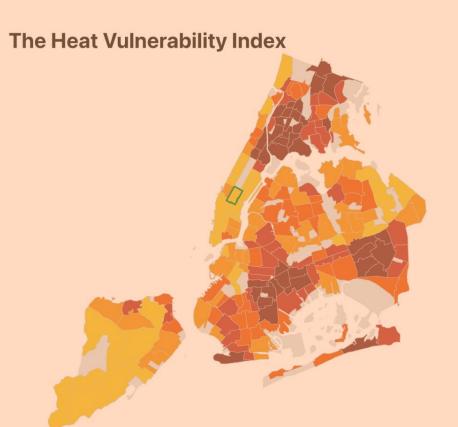
Enter a neighborhood to get data.

The Heat Vulnerability Index (HVI) shows neighborhoods whose residents are more at risk for dying during and immediately following extreme heat.

It uses a statistical model to summarize the most important factors of neighborhood heat risk: surface temperature, green space, home air conditioning, and income.

Neighborhoods are scored from 1 (lowest risk) to 5 (highest risk).

Remember, a neighborhood with low vulnerability does not mean no risk. All neighborhoods have residents at risk for heat illness and death.



### Enter a neighborhood to get data:

Midtown-Times Square

Clear

About Neighborhood Tabulation Areas.

### ■ Midtown-Times Square

ZIPs 10001, 10016, 10017, 10018, 10019, 10020, 10022, 10036, 10055, 10060, 10072, 10087, 10090, 10095, 10099, 10101, 10102, 10103, 10104, 10105, 10106, 10107, 10108, 10109, 10110, 10111, 10112, 10117, 10118, 10119, 10120, 10121, 10122, 10123, 10124, 10125, 10126, 10129, 10130, 10138, 10149, 10150, 10151, 10152, 10153, 10154, 10155, 10156, 10157, 10158, 10161, 10163, 10164, 10165, 10166, 10167, 10168, 10169, 10172, 10173, 10174, 10175, 10176, 10177, 10178, 10179, 10185, 10197, 10259, 10261

Heat vulnerability: 1 out of 5

The Heat Vulnerability Index (HVI) shows neighborhoods whose residents are more at risk for dying during and immediately following extreme heat.

It uses a statistical model to summarize the most important factors of neighborhood heat risk: surface temperature, green space, home air conditioning, and income.

## What factors affect heat vulnerability in your neighborhood?

### **Temperature**

Daytime summer surface temperature is different from air temperature, and varies more by neighborhood: some neighborhoods are hotter than others. A higher surface temperature is associated with a higher risk of death from heat waves. Median neighborhood: 87.0° F

The daytime summer surface temperature in your neighborhood is **82.4° F**. This is Lower than most NYC neighborhoods.

### Air conditioning

Air conditioning is as necessary during extreme heat as heating is in winter. A neighborhood with a high percentage of households with air conditioners means that more of its residents can be protected from extreme heat. Citywide: 91.0%

**97.3**% of households in your neighborhood have AC. This is more than most NYC neighborhoods.

### **Green space**

Green space is tree, grass, or shrub cover. Green space helps cool a neighborhood, address the UHI, and create a resilient city. It also has a small association with heat mortality, weaker than other components in the index. Median neighborhood: 25.0%

**3.9**% of your neighborhood is green space. This is less than most NYC neighborhoods.

### Median income

Low income is a social factor that places people at risk of death during heat waves for many reasons.

One reason is that people with limited financial resources may be less likely to afford owning or using an air conditioner during heat waves. Citywide: \$67,046

The median income in your neighborhood is \$153,141.

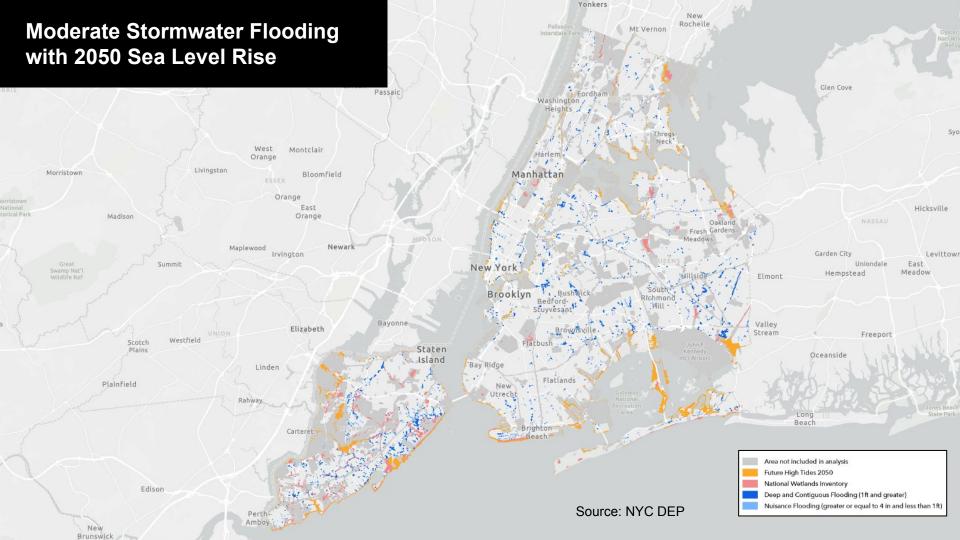
This is higher than most NYC neighborhoods.

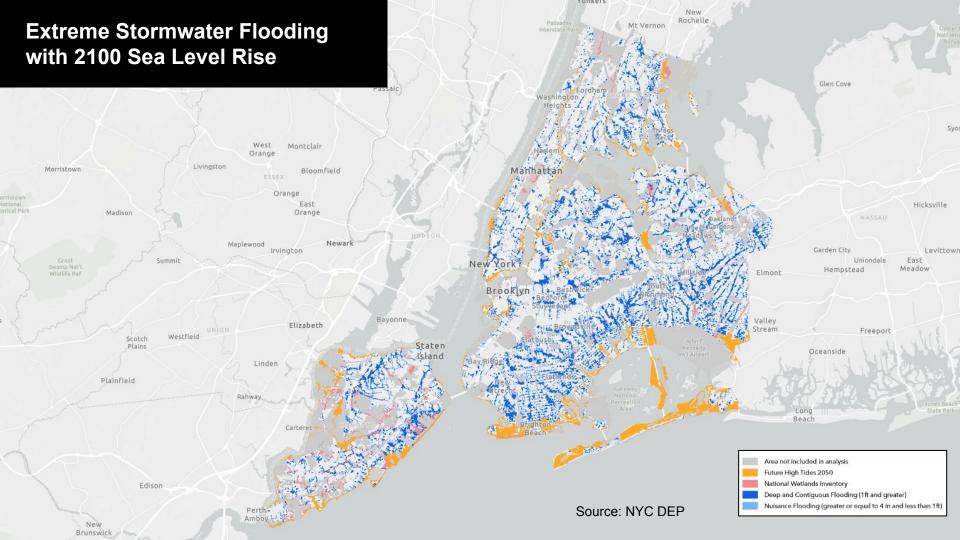
# NEW YORK WILL BE COLDER



# NEW YORK WILL BE WETTER

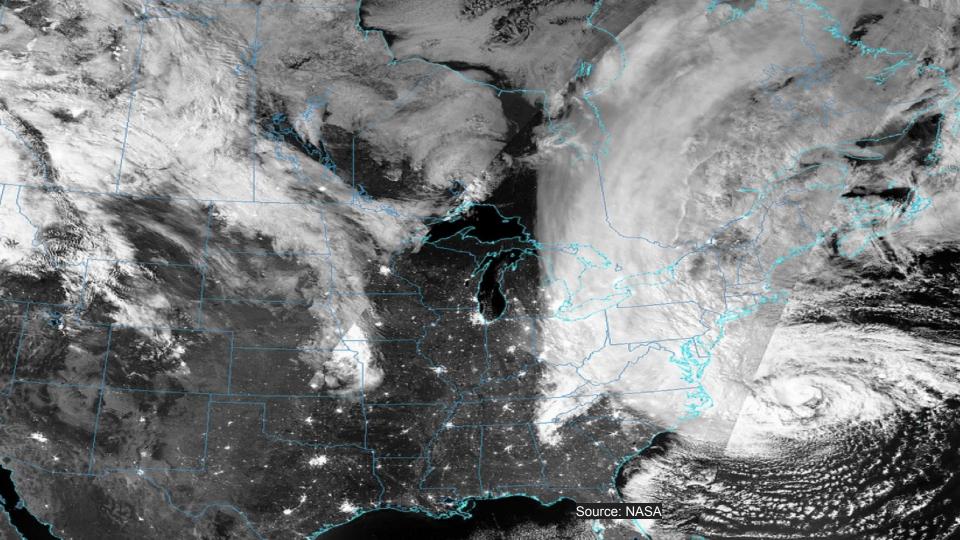






# **NEW YORK WILL HAVE MORE**

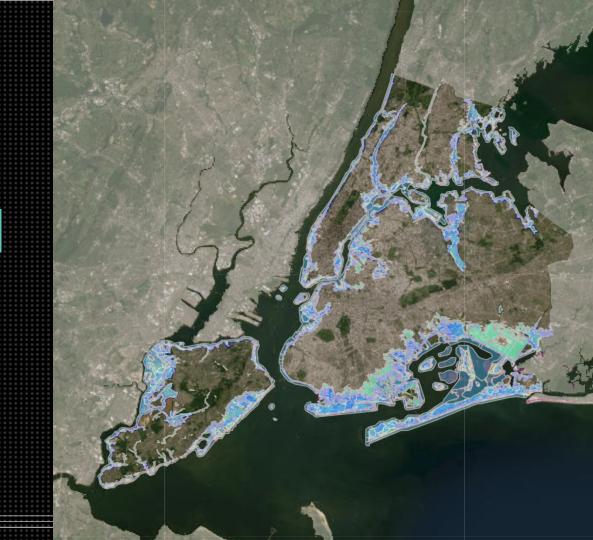
## **EXTREME CLIMATE EVENTS**





#### **COASTAL FLOODING**

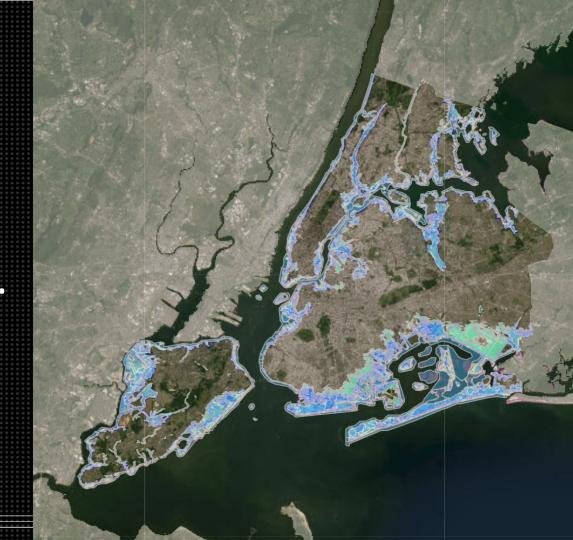
Today, 1.3 million or 14% of residents of NYC live within or adjacent to the floodplain.



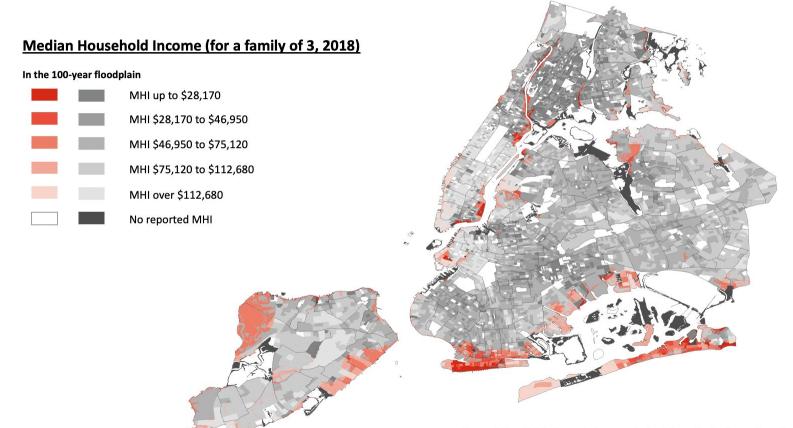
### **COASTAL FLOODING**

Left unabated, this could rise to

2.2 million residents

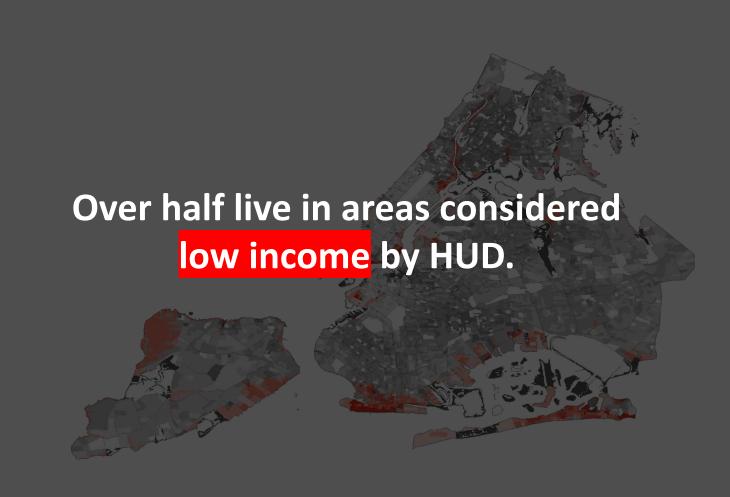


#### MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME OF RESIDENTS LIVING IN THE NYC FLOODPLAIN: 2015



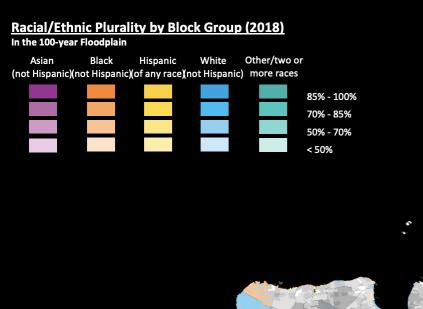
Source: Rebuild by Design

Current floodplain boundaries are derived from Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Maps (PFIRM). These maps were made in collaboration with the Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC).



RACIAL & ETHNIC BREAKDOWN OF RESIDENTS LIVING IN THE NYC

**FLOODPLAIN: 2015** 





Current floodplain boundaries are derived from Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Maps (PFIRM) 2015. These maps were made in collaboration with the Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC).

RACIAL & ETHNIC BREAKDOWN OF RESIDENTS LIVING IN THE NYC FLOODPLAIN: 2015

Racial/Ethnic Plurality by Block Group (2018)
In the 100-year Floodplain

Asian Black Hispanic White Other/two or (not Hispanic)(not Hispanic)(not Hispanic) more races

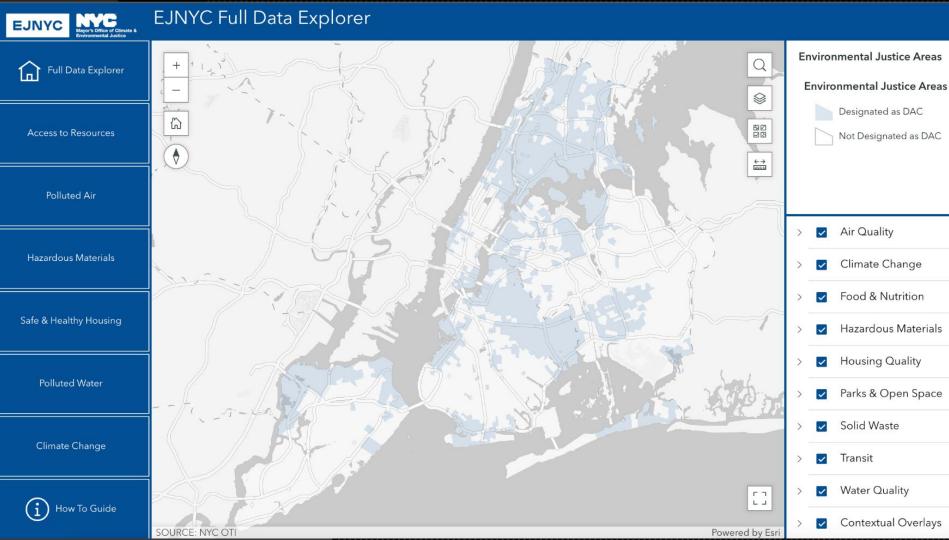
85% - 100%
70% - 85%
50% - 70%

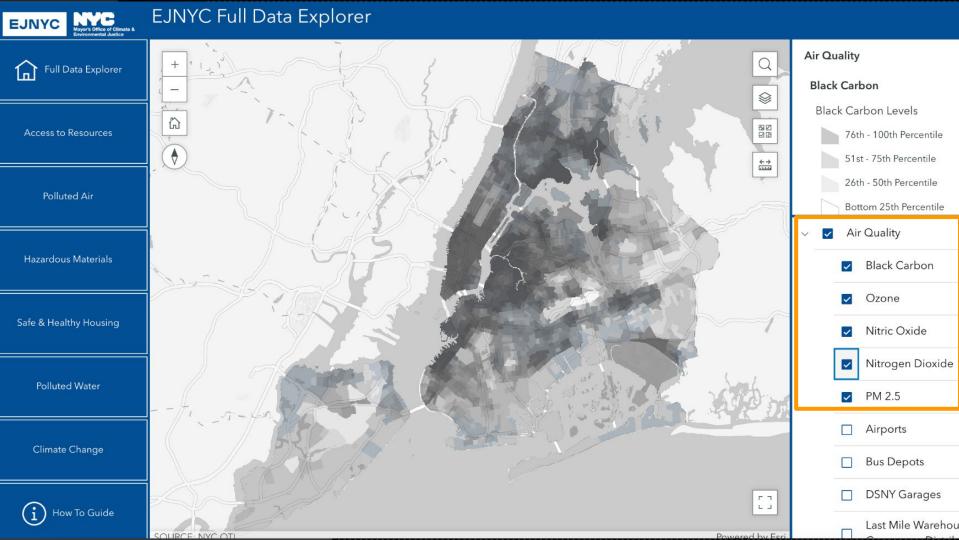
Approximately 56% of residents identify as non-white.

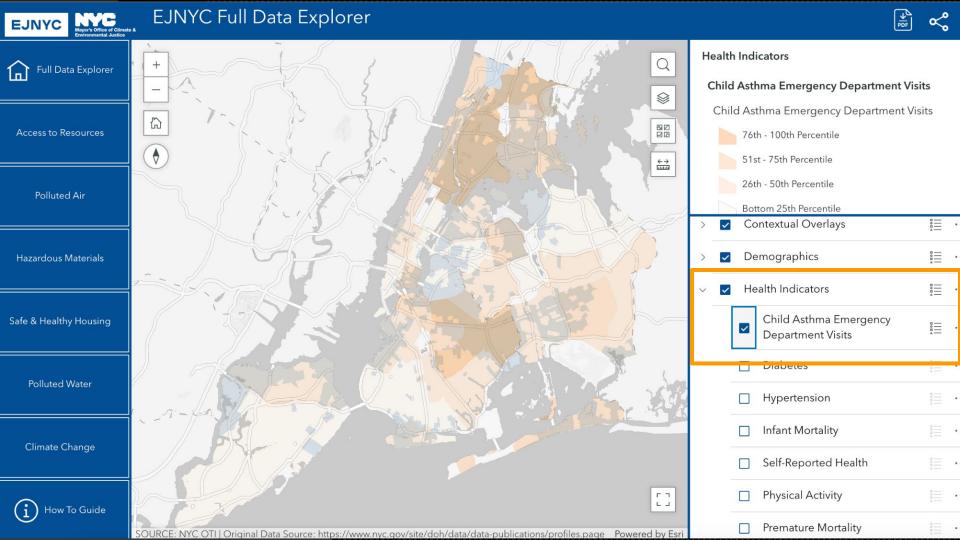
REBUILD BY DESIGN

Current floodplain boundaries are derived from Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Maps (PFIRM) 2015. These maps were made in collaboration with the Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC).









#### **MULTI-HAZARD RISK TO HOUSING: ZILLOW & REDFIN**

