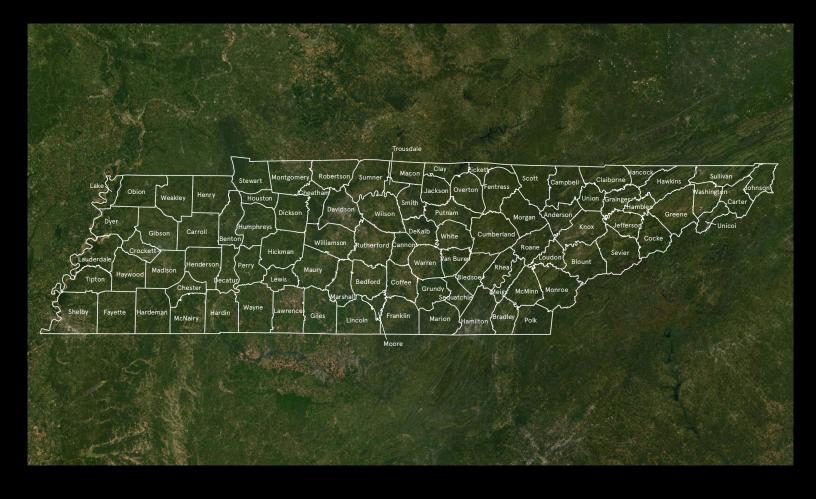
TIEININIESSIEIE



TENNESSEE STATISTICS SUMMARY (2011 - 2024)									
30	CLIMATE DISASTER DECLARATIONS								
\$1.0 BILLION	FEMA + HUD POST-DISASTER FUNDING								
6.9 MILLION PEOPLE	POPULATION TOTAL								
\$149	PER CAPITA SPENDING ON CLIMATE DISASTERS								
DAVIDSON (12 DISASTERS)	COUNTY WITH THE HIGHEST DISASTER OCCURRENCES								
59	COUNTIES HAVE HAD FIVE OR MORE DISASTERS								
1.3 MILLION PEOPLE	LIVE IN AREAS WITH VERY HIGH SOCIAL VULNERABILITY (SVI > 0.75)								
15.4 HOURS	TOTAL OUTAGE DURATION (HOURS PER CUSTOMER PER YEAR)								
C (2022)	ASCE INFRASTRUCTURE REPORT CARD GRADE								
29	SUPERFUND SITES								
\$5.2 BILLION	CLIMATE INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORTED THROUGH SMALL INSURANCE SURCHARGE								
3RD HIGHEST	RANK IN TOP 10 STATES WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF DISASTER DECLARATIONS								

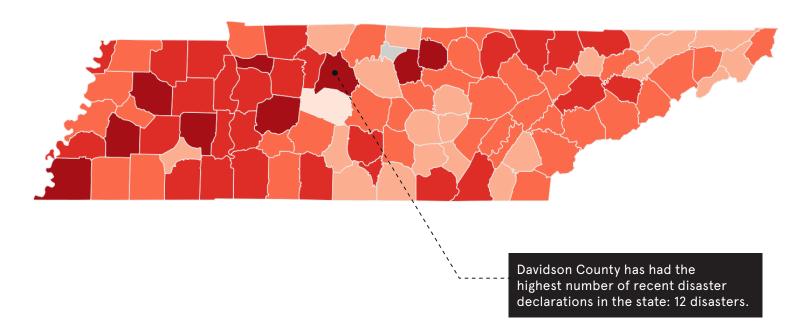
25

DISASTER OCCURRENCES 2011–2024

FEDERALLY DECLARED CLIMATE DISASTERS BY COUNTY

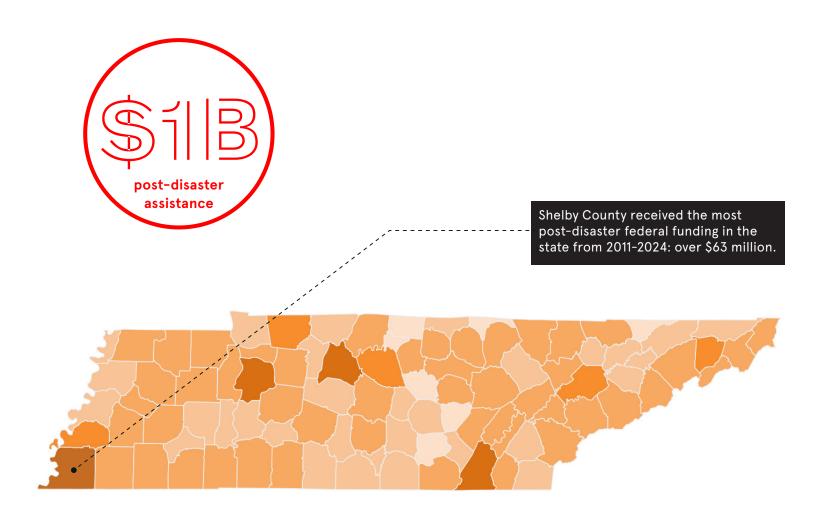


62% of counties in Tennessee have had a recent disaster declaration.



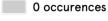
FEDERAL ASSISTANCE 2011-2024

POST-DISASTER PUBLIC ASSISTANCE AND HAZARD MITIGATION FUNDS OBLIGATED BY COUNTY FOR CLIMATE DISASTERS



Number of Disaster Events

Major Disaster Declarations (2011-2024)



1 occurrence

2-3 occurences

4-6 occurrences

7-9 occurrences

10+ occurrences

MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN FEMA DATA COURTESY OF IPARAMETRICS

FEMA Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation

Federal Share Obligated (2011-2024)

\$0 to \$100K

\$100K to \$1M

\$1M to \$10M

\$10M to \$50M

\$50M to \$100M

\$100M to \$500M

\$749M FEMA obligations

\$285M HUD CDBG-DR Funds

\$1B FEMA + HUD assistance

\$149 per capita cost

MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN FEMA DATA COURTESY OF IPARAMETRICS

60 261

SOCIAL VULNERABILITY INDEX 2022

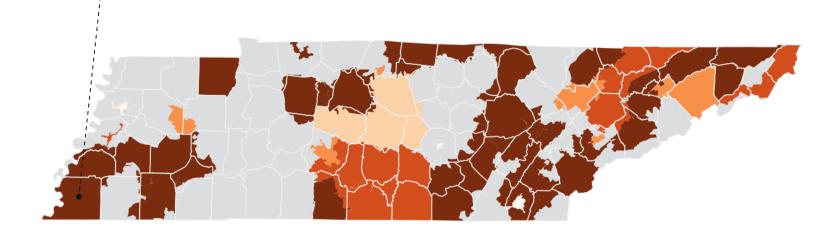
AREAS OF GREATEST SOCIAL VULNERABILITY

Trousdale County is the only county in Tennessee that has not had a recent diaster, and it grew the most in population from 2010 to 2024, 47%. Montgomery County has experienced 7 recent diasters and has a social vulnerability of 0.6, but grew 29% in population from 2010 to 2024.

ENERGY RELIABILITY 2023

COUNTIES AT GREATEST RISK OF POWER OUTAGES

Shelby County has the largest area with the longest service distruptions in the state, 2,694 minutes total, as well as 10 recent disasters and a high social vulnerability of 0.87.



Social Vulnerability Index

CDC (2022)



0.0 - 0.2

0.2 - 0.4

0.4 - 0.6

0.6 - 0.8

0.0 - 0.0

0.8 - 1.0

Aggregated Annual Electric Outage Duration Including major events - SAIDI_W_MED

missing electric outage data

0 - 60 minutes

60 - 120 minutes

120 - 240 minutes

240 - 456 minutes

456- 7,700 minutes

MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN SOURCE: U.S. ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION 2023

262

MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN

DATA SOURCE: CDC/ATSDR 2022 SVI

TOTAL 00 DIO A OTERO		Tota	l			2011	2012	2014	2015	2016 2017		2019		2020		2021	2022			2023	3			2024	
TOTAL: 30 DISASTERS FEMA PA + HM: \$748.6 M				965: SEVERE STORMS, TO	1974: SEVERE STOR	•	1979: SEVERE STORMS, STRAIGHT-LINE WINDS, 4005: SEVERE STORMS, 4060: SEVERE STORMS		AIGHT- 4211: SEVERE WINTER	4320: SEVERE STORMS,		ORMS, 4471: SEVERE STORM AND	44/6: SEVERE STURINS,	4541: SEVERE STORMS, TORNADOES, STRAIGHT-		4601: SEVERE STORMS, R TORNADOES AND 4609: SEV	/ERE STORM AND 4637: SEVERE STORMS, 4645: SEVERE WINT		: SEVERE STORMS, 4712: SEVERI		STORMS 4735: SEVERE STORM	MS 4742: SEVERE STORMS,	4751: SEVERE STORMS	4792: SEVERE STORMS,	832: TROPICAL STORM
HUD CDBG-DR: \$285.3 M				TORNADOES, AND V	WINDS, AND ASSOCIA	ATED AND STRAIGHT-LINE WINDS	TORNADOES, AND TORNADOES, STRAIGHT-LINE WINDS, AND TORNADOES, STRAIGHT-LINE WINDS, AND TORNADOES,	RAIGHT- STOPM LINE WINDS AN	AND STORM AND FLOODING	WILDFIRES STRAIGHT-LINE WINDS, AN FLOODING	D FLOODING, LANDSL AND MUDSLIDES	LIDES, STRAIGHT LINE WINDS	TORNADOES, STRAIGHT-LINE WINDS, AND FLOODING	LINE WINDS, AND FLOODING STRAIGHT-LI AND FLO	INE WINDS, STORMS	TORNADOES, AND FLOODING FL	LOODING STRAIGHT-LINE WINDS, STORM AND TORNADOES STORM	STODM STR	AIGHT-LINE WINDS, STRAIGHT-LII IND TORNADOES AND TOR	NE WINDS,	LINE WINDS AND STRAIGHT-LINE WI	CTBAIGHT LINE WINDS	AND TORNADOES	TORNADOES, AND FLOODING	HELENE
FEMA + HUD ASSISTANCE: \$1.0 B GEOID COUNTY NAME # OF	FEMA TOTAL	PA Obligations	HM Obligations	PA HM PA	Obligations	IM PA HM	PA Obligations HM PA HM PA H	13033	HM PA Obligations HM PA	HM PA Obligations HM	RA Obligations	HM PA Obligations HM	PA Obligations HM		B HM PA Obligations Chilasti	PA Obligations Obligations PA Obligat	tions Obligations PA Obligations Obligations Obligations Obligations	PA HM RA Oh	ligations HM PA Obligations	HM RA Obligations	HM PA Obligations HM	RA Obligations HM	PA Obligations HM	PA HM PA	Obligations HM
47000 47000: Statewide 29	STERS	J	0	Obligations Obligations FA \$134,411,87 \$56,084,00 \$5	Obligations Obliga 5,668,010,88 \$160.	ations Obligations Obligations 0.558.00 \$451.273.77 \$55.333.00	s FA Obligations Obligatio	gations Obligations Obligations Obligations Obligations S321.373.33 \$54.899.14 \$936.080.72 \$39	igations FA Obligations Obligation Obligation Obligation 9.032.63 \$11.836.538.96 \$290.791.79 \$1.120.450	ons Obligations FA Obligations Obligation Obligat	Oblig	gations PA Obligations Obligations 6.791.00 \$5.790.367.84 \$186.467.20	Obligations S9.547.422.79	Obligations	Obligations	ons PA Obligations Obligations PA Obligations Obli	Obligations Obligations Obligations	ons Obligations Obligations PA Obligations Obligat	Obligations	Obligations C	Obligations Solutions Obligate Solutions Solutions Solutions Solutions Obligate Solutions Obligate Solutions Solutio	ons PA Obligations Obligations 0,00 \$1,833,749,51 \$0,00	Obligations \$1,188,234,30	Obligations Obligations FA \$1,547,791,48 \$0,00 \$8	Obligation 8.146.143.38 \$0.0
47001 47001: Anderson County 4	\$1,054,927.11	¥ 1,700 1,0=1111	\$0.00	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,	\$163,547.03 \$0.00	\$339,817.33	\$0.00 \$158,152.16 \$0.00		\$393,410.59		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7117		7,700,		7. 7.	12.22	,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,, .,, .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
47003 47003: Bedford County 9 47005 47005: Benton County 7	\$4,757,257.21 \$1.298.684.78	\$4,712,277.91 \$1,298.684.78	\$44,979.30 \$0.00	\$87,516.47 \$0.00	\$336,097.28	\$0.00	\$90,620.55 \$0.00		\$791,282.03 \$0.00		\$106,765.31 \$44	•	\$147,916.40 \$0.00		\$0.00 \$2,109,507.41 \$0 3 \$0.00	0.00 \$17,786.40 \$0.00	\$16,017.00 \$0.00		\$28,212.51 \$398,076.24	\$0.00		\$194,968.75 \$0.00		\$978,817.07 \$0.00	
47007 47007: Bledsoe County 6	, , ,	\$1,082,787.20	\$0.00		\$438,550.94	\$0.00	Ψ00,020.00 Ψ0.00	\$181,790.20	\$0.00 \$73,410.93 \$0.00		\$286,655.70	\$0.00	\$ \tag{\text{\$\pi\$}}	ψ 10 1,0 10.11 C	40.00		Ψ10,0 11.00 Ψ0.00			\$0.00		\$102,379.43 \$0.00			
47009 47009: Blount County 4 47011 47011: Bradley County 3	\$2,545,920.54 \$6.427.979.86	\$2,538,420.54 \$6,427,979.86	\$7,500.00 \$0.00		\$324,419.28 4,453,386.92	\$0.00	\$0.00	90.00	\$684,658.32 \$0.00	\$1,357,067.26 \$0.	\$172,275.68 \$7	7,500.00		\$1,974,592.94 \$0.00											
47011 47011: Bradiey County 7	\$1,199,237.70	111	\$0.00		\$136,454.58	\$0.00	\$27,170.54 \$0.00	φυ.υυ	\$106,023.66 \$0.00		\$352,375.97	\$0.00		\$9,492.12 \$0.00		\$443,972.09 \$0.00			\$123,748.74	\$0.00					
47015 47015: Cannon County 4	\$393,437.09	\$393,437.09	\$0.00		**	00.00	2000 050 45	000 004 74	00.00				2000 000 00	0404 700 7		0.00 \$120,998.29 \$0.00		\$20	94,922.67 \$0.00	20.00				\$0.00 \$0.00	
47017 47017: Carroll County 7 47019 47019: Carter County 2	\$1,751,844.21 \$8,408,680.93	\$1,751,844.21 \$8,408,680.93	\$0.00 \$0.00		\$369,090.28	\$0.00	\$333,652.15 \$0.00	\$28,264.71 \$0.00 \$507,690.18	\$0.00		\$325,305.67	\$0.00	\$208,303.99 \$0.00	\$134,702.54	\$0.00				\$170,140.36	\$0.00				\$8	8,083,375.26 \$0.0
47021 47021: Cheatham County 7	\$887,291.70	\$887,291.70	\$0.00					\$0.00 \$0.00			\$91,598.08					\$292,860.45 \$0.00	\$426,313.41 \$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00			\$76,519.76 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	
47023 47023: Chester County 2 47025 47025: Claiborne County 7	\$228,600.91 \$1.949.356.13	\$228,600.91 \$1,949,356.13	\$0.00 \$0.00		\$218,975.57	\$0.00 \$9,625.34 \$0.00	\$1,391,593.82 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$58.244.19	\$0.00 \$7,820.62 \$0.00		\$207,771.34	\$0.00				\$283,926.16 \$0.00									\$0.00 \$0.0
47027 47027: Clay County 4	\$348,767.22	\$348,767.22	\$0.00				7,,00,,000	777,2300	\$6,280.52 \$0.00		\$64,816.01	\$0.00				\$277,670.69 \$0.00			\$0.00	\$0.00					
47029 47029: Cocke County 5 47031 47031: Coffee County 5	\$6,801,258.71 \$615.675.37	\$6,801,258.71 \$615,675.37	\$0.00 \$0.00		\$391,928.81	\$0.00			\$18,510.48 \$0.00 \$153,335.96 \$0.00		\$368,689.51 \$199,067.57	\$0.00			\$263,271.84	0.00		\$102,702.41 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00				\$0.00 \$0.00		\$5	5,919,427.50 \$0.0
47033 47033: Crockett County 4	\$1,099,894.86	\$159,598.86	·		\$93,103.05 \$940,),296.00	\$66,495.81 \$0.00		ψ100,000.00		φ100,007.07	ψ0.00			Ψ200,211.01		\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00					
47035 47035: Cumberland County 4 47037 47037: Davidson County 12	\$6,499,917.70 \$81,800,123,82	\$6,499,917.70 \$81,594,127.82	\$0.00			\$1,631,589.48 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$6,423,742.98 \$0.00 \$449,514.35 \$205,996.00	\$76,174.72 \$0.	00		\$41,260,169.16 \$0.00	\$8.646.121.71	71 \$0.00 \$92.887.15 \$0	0.00 \$7,529,036.96 \$0.00 \$359,01	14.68 \$0.00 \$3,427,092.58 \$0.00	\$2,778,050.12 \$0.00	\$9,007,009.67	\$0.00		\$0.00 \$0.00	\$6,409,523.63 \$0.00	\$4 118 33 \$0.00	
47039 47039: Decatur County 8	\$869,709.85	\$869,709.85	\$0.00			\$2,718.38 \$0.00	0	\$0.00				\$0.00 \$354,722.64 \$0.00		\$112,863.70	1	\$88,264.47 \$0.00	\$101,918.10 \$0.00	ψΞ,110,000.12 ψ0.00		\$0.00			φο, 100,020.00 φο.00	ψ1,110.00 ψ0.00	
47041 47041: DeKalb County 4 47043 47043: Dickson County 8	\$84,374.39 \$5,802,743.69	\$84,374.39 \$5,802,743.69	\$0.00 \$0.00			\$592,955.84 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$777,284.73 \$0.00	\$28,585.72 \$0.00		\$55,788.67 \$162,758.86	\$0.00		\$604.0E0.0	\$0.00 \$0 34 \$0.00		13.54 \$0.00 \$1,348,580.79 \$0.00		\$1,663,580.43	00.02			\$257,619.16 \$0.00		
47045 47045: Dyer County 4	\$5,802,743.69 \$890,133.33	\$5,802,743.69 \$890,133.33	\$0.00				\$637,376.50 \$0.00	ψ111,204.13 φυ.υυ			\$226,332.26				\$0.00 \$7 \$0.00	\$395,91	\$0.00 \$1,348,580.79 \$0.00 \$0.00		\$1,003,580.43	ψ0.00			ψ201,019.10 \$0.00		
47047 47047: Fayette County 6 47049 47049: Fentress County 7	\$3,423,092.26 \$2,794,722.01		\$0.00		\$706,030.32 \$5,476.56			\$87,146.03 \$0.00	\$2,011,848.48 \$0.00	\$182,072.66 \$0.	\$173,629.09	20.02			\$257.000.04	0.00 \$293,234.19 \$0.00	\$622,797.67	0.00	00.00		\$0.00 \$191,434.31 \$	J.00			
47049 47049: Fentress County 7 47051 47051: Franklin County 2	\$2,794,722.01 \$241,118.71	\$2,794,722.01 \$241,118.71	\$0.00 \$0.00		\$5,476.56 \$207,719.21				Ψ2,011,040.48 \$0.00		φ1/3,029.U9	φυ.υυ			\$257,008.84	0.00 \$293,234.19 \$U.UU				\$0.00					
47053 47053: Gibson County 10	\$6,982,904.21	\$2,998,779.21	\$3,984,125.00			\$1,125.00 \$26,150.71 \$0.00	0 \$522,490.89 \$0.00	\$4,989.16 \$0.00 \$157,305.80 \$137,750.31			\$143,715.78			\$399,578.80	\$0.00		\$1,202,506.05 \$0.00			\$0.00			\$99,970.18 \$0.00		
47055 47055: Giles County 7 47057 47057: Grainger County 6	\$593,293.05 \$156,034.16	\$593,293.05 \$156,034.16		\$35,663.95 \$0.00	\$76,894.97	\$0.00	\$42,105.38 \$0.00	\$137,759.31	\$0.00 \$132,087.07 \$0.00 \$6,877.39 \$0.00		\$173,788.98 \$71,387.44					\$0.00 \$0.00			\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00				\$72,762.72 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.0
47059 47059: Greene County 5	\$7,444,178.13	\$7,444,178.13	\$0.00		2,037,616.19	\$0.00			\$80,410.20 \$0.00		\$653,180.99	\$0.00						\$16,682.75 \$0.00						\$4	4,656,288.00 \$0.0
47061 47061: Grundy County 2 47063 47063: Hamblen County 3	\$10,797.38 \$270,358.77	\$10,797.38 \$270,358.77	\$0.00 \$0.00						\$10,797.38 \$0.00 \$135,605.56 \$0.00		\$134,753.21								\$0.00	\$0.00					\$0.00 \$0.0
47065 47065: Hamilton County 7	\$76,687,609.26	\$76,687,609.26	\$0.00 \$2,	2,138,859.49 \$0.00 \$20	0,528,388.17	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	ψ1.00,000.00		\$650,205.04	\$0.00		\$49,556,878.35 \$0.00					\$3,788,433.65	\$0.00				\$24,844.56 \$0.00	ψο.σο ψο.σ
47067 47067: Hancock County 3 47069 47069: Hardeman County 4		\$15,319.73 \$646,687.45			\$223,687.95	00.00			\$15,319.73 \$0.00 \$164,995.59 \$594,966.35		\$0.00	\$0.00				\$203,433.19 \$0.00		¢.	54,570.72 \$0.00						\$0.00 \$0.0
47009 47009: Hardeman County 4 47071 47071: Hardin County 8	\$2,805,439.86				\$724,449.89				\$123,538.83 \$0.00		\$546,591.71	\$0.00 \$736,213.08 \$0.00)	\$35,176.90	\$0.00	\$109,744.71 \$0.00			\$0.00 \$1,926.94 \$0.00 \$81,926.94	\$0.00					
47073 47073: Hawkins County 3	\$103,399.62	\$103,399.62				\$70.040.45		0540 700 04	\$37,325.54 \$0.00		\$62,599.63	\$0.00		0.40,004,00	20.00	000 400 00 00	2015 570 10	200	20.750.55	20.00 20.7.110.00	***	20.00			\$3,474.45 \$0.0
47075 47075: Haywood County 10 47077 47077: Henderson County 10	\$4,102,597.44 \$640,684.50	\$4,102,597.44 \$640,684.50			\$6,153.10	\$72,612.45 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$6,192.99 \$0.00	0 \$15,989.57 \$0.00 \$5,878.95 \$0.00	\$513,782.91 \$0.00 \$17,727.11	\$0.00			\$81,136.54 \$0.00)		\$0.00 \$7 \$0.00	\$36,193.22 \$0.00 \$296,209.58 \$0.00	\$345,579.48 \$115,976.42 \$0.00	\$53,313.00 \$0.00	\$6,756.55 \$0.00 \$311,778.13 \$12,825.48	\$0.00 \$167,443.86 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$132,089.11 \$	7.00			
47079 47079: Henry County 7	\$2,806,362.41	\$2,806,362.41	\$0.00		\$519,089.53	\$0.00	\$464,364.15 \$0.00	\$115,038.91						\$369,713.40	\$0.00		\$421,582.00 \$0.00		\$722,544.77	\$0.00	\$194,029.65	٥.00			
47081 47081: Hickman County 11 47083 47083: Houston County 11	\$6,196,573.73 \$2,288,897.51		\$0.00 \$125.638.00 \$		\$158,396.93 \$394,553.68	\$0.00 \$34,017.92 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$82,201.83 \$0.00	\$45,755.66 \$0.00 \$325,901.70 \$23,766.56 \$125,638.00 \$21,083.46				\$0.00 \$1,325,373.03 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$109,533.36 \$0.00			8 \$0.00 8 \$0.00	\$663,290.44 \$0.00 \$1,702,66 \$1,325,29	\$68.88 \$0.00 96.09 \$0.00 \$8,963.27 \$0.00	\$10	00,419.39 \$0.00 \$864,228.34 \$4,334.42	\$0.00 \$0.00					
47085 47085: Humphreys County 8		\$82,297,194.24				\$0.00 \$23,848.09 \$0.00	0				\$149,525.45	\$0.00 \$330,583.77 \$20,516.25	5	\$0.00	00 \$0.00	\$81,091,49	94.87 \$441,621.00		\$0.00	\$0.00					
47087 47087: Jackson County 10 47089 47089: Jefferson County 7	\$4,357,544.35 \$582,274.88	\$4,331,570.35 \$582,274.88	\$25,974.00 \$ \$0.00		\$57,919.39 \$25, \$36,425.14		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$102,463.56 \$0.00	\$52,676.31 \$0. \$0.00 \$0.	00 \$101,738.29 00 \$296,369.62		\$16,358.72 \$0.00		\$329,927.40 \$0	0.00 \$2,766,229.06 \$0.00			\$85,256.16	\$0.00		\$114,339.55 \$0.00		\$36,758.94 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.0
47091 47091: Johnson County 4	\$1,320,319.13	\$1,320,319.13	\$0.00		\$77,257.47	\$0.00					\$301,917.41	\$0.00							\$0.00 \$0.00					9	\$941,144.25 \$0.0
47093 47093: Knox County 7 47095 47095: Lake County 7	\$17,204,579.61 \$684,227.82	\$17,140,800.61 \$684,227.82	\$63,779.00 \$0.00	\$3	3,071,908.88 \$0.00		\$4,565,816.57 \$0.00 0 \$393,689.92 \$0.00		\$1,661,833.05 \$63,779.00	\$167,665.53 \$0.	\$2,879,958.05 \$179,430.24			\$0.00	00 \$0.00		\$111,107.66 \$0.00	\$691,314.74 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$4,102,303.79 \$0.00			
47097 47097: Lauderdale County 4	\$774,744.90				ψ0.00	ψ0.00 ψ0.00	\$374,960.31 \$0.00				\$289,951.97			ψ0.00	ψ0.00		\$43,810.29	0.00	\$66,022.33	\$0.00					
47099 47099: Lawrence County 6	\$1,074,283.89	\$1,074,283.89 \$469,789.23			\$159,525.99 \$63,616.52				\$0.00 \$141,692.25 \$0.00		\$224,882.26 \$68,491.17				\$0.00 \$6 \$0.00			0.0		\$0.00					
47101 47101: Lewis County 6 47103 47103: Lincoln County 3	\$469,789.23 \$684,106.25	\$469,789.23	\$0.00			\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$189,219.89	\$0.00		\$581,570.62			\$43,952.50	\$0.00			26	\$0.00 \$20,382.39	\$0.00					
47105 47105: Loudon County 6	\$3,215,682.48	\$3,215,682.48				\$0.00	\$361,207.21 \$0.00	20.00	\$1,065,591.63 \$0.00	\$140,504.96 \$0.	\$17,075.43	\$0.00										\$1,457,183.53 \$0.00			
47107 47107: McMinn County 3 47109 47109: McNairy County 7	\$266,534.75 \$2,952,715.05	\$266,534.75 \$2,952,715.05	\$0.00 \$0.00		\$266,534.75 \$276,149.56	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00		\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$111,592.81 \$0.00		\$608,196.85	\$0.00 \$511,926.32 \$0.00)			\$828,480.47 \$0.00		\$48	\$1,424.13 \$0.00						
47111 47111: Macon County 3	\$0.00	\$0.00																	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00					\$0.00 \$0.00	
47113 47113: Madison County 7 47115 47115: Marion County 9	\$4,718,341.64 \$2,098,201.21	\$4,718,341.64 \$2,098,201.21	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$	1,218,366.16 \$0.00		\$1,061,478.90 \$0.00 \$73,538.39 \$0.00	\$405,876.42 \$0.00 \$621,361.58 \$208.221.20	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$131,573.35 \$0.00		\$409,740.55	\$0.00		\$350,291.01 \$375,050.95 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$588,140.39 \$0.00 \$22,005.92 \$0.00				\$0.00 \$0.00		\$467,808.93 \$0.00			
47117 47117: Marshall County 3	\$205,817.78	\$205,817.78	\$0.00		\$59,103.73		7.0,0000		\$107,719.76 \$0.00		\$38,994.29								***************************************			¥ 100,0000 ¥ 1000			
47119 47119: Maury County 5 47121 47121: Meigs County 6	\$1,796,960.50 \$2,364,601.62	\$1,796,960.50 \$2,364,601.62	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$47,708.60 \$0.00				\$242,017.54	\$0.00 \$31,545.15 \$0.00					\$828,667.86	\$6 \$0.00 \$660,297.68 \$0	\$358,108.97 \$0.00		\$323,014.71 \$0.00	\$412,736.45	\$0.00		\$950,518.44 \$0.00		\$45,151.42 \$0.00 \$261,795.30 \$0.00	
47123 47123: Monroe County 6	\$1,537,958.48		\$0.00		\$163,703.10	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$823,595.37 \$0.00					\$318,533.80 \$0.00	ψ000,237.00 ψ0	0.00			\$189,699.08	\$0.00		\$42,427.13 \$0.00		Ψ201,730.30 Ψ0.00	
47125 47125: Montgomery County 7 47127 47127: Moore County 8	\$17,459,609.53 \$550,354.73	\$17,459,609.53 \$550,354.73	\$0.00 \$0.00		\$651,476.15 \$13,962.39	\$0.00	\$690,538.71 \$0.00	\$27,833.11	\$0.00 \$69.526.27 \$0.00		\$199,819.94	\$4,259,067.77 \$0.00			\$407,072,00	0.00 \$34,209.91 \$0.00	\$173,935.47 \$0.00		\$7,063,309.15 \$81,174.89	\$0.00 \$0.00			\$3,982,741.42 \$0.00	\$638,540.86 \$0.00	
4/12/ 4/12/: Moore County 8 4/129 4/129: Morgan County 5	\$550,354.73 \$491,119.96	\$550,354.73 \$491,119.96		\$17,755.04 \$22,416.97 \$0.00	ψ10,302.39	ψυ.υυ		\$27,833.11	\$0.00 \$68,526.37 \$0.00 \$405,613.94 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.	\$199,819.94 00 \$63,089.05				\$107,073.08	0.00 \$04,203.81 \$U.UU			\$0.00 \$0.00	φ0.00					
47131 47131: Obion County 6	\$1,477,980.20 \$1,920,689,79						\$96,405.60 \$0.00	20.00	\$124,990.52 \$611,719.99 \$0.00		\$168,414.67 \$93 \$209,763.97	3,750.00		\$108,329.66	\$0.00	0.00 \$290.747.04	\$886,089.75 \$0.00			\$0.00					
47133 47133: Overton County 5 47135 47135: Perry County 7	\$1,920,689.79 \$463,234.13	\$1,920,689.79 \$463,234.13	\$0.00 \$0.00		\$58,436.80	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$611,719.99 \$0.00 \$0.00			\$0.00 \$0.00 \$115,056.90 \$0.00		\$8,986.74	\$718,487.92 \$0 74 \$0.00	0.00 \$380,717.91 \$0.00		\$52,066.17 \$0.00		\$0.00					
47137 47137: Pickett County 5	\$50,995.40	\$50,995.40	\$0.00	\$9,181.18 \$0.00	\$22,638.77	\$0.00			\$12,164.95 \$0.00						\$7,010.50	0.00			\$0.00	\$0.00				20.22	
47139 47139: Polk County 5 47141 47141: Putnam County 5	\$311,153.59 \$7,870,235.77	\$311,153.59 \$7,814,210.77	\$0.00 \$56,025.00		\$42,263.94	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,527,675.90 \$0.00	\$1,013,842.40 \$0.	00		\$4,339,593.00 \$0.00	\$268,889.65 \$0.00	\$852,526.85 \$56,025	5.00		\$80,572.62 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00				\$0.00 \$0.00	
47143 47143: Rhea County 6	\$1,082,614.59	\$1,082,614.59	\$0.00		\$369,699.80	\$0.00			\$106,835.96 \$0.00	\$77,115.02 \$0.	\$269,049.34	\$0.00							\$0.00	\$0.00		\$259,914.47 \$0.00			
47145 47145: Roane County 5 47147 47147: Robertson County 3	\$4,961,134.86 \$810,541.97	\$4,961,134.86 \$810,541.97	\$0.00 \$0.00					\$637,150.82	\$0.00 \$1,149,929.27 \$0.00	\$981,584.31 \$0.	\$1,631,936.40 \$0.00								\$0.00	\$0.00		\$560,534.06 \$0.00	\$810,541.97 \$0.00		
47149 47149: Rutherford County 5	\$7,968,344.07	\$6,900,837.43	\$1,067,506.64										\$5,568,094.98 \$1,067,506.64			0.00 \$81,165.14 \$0.00			39,395.10 \$0.00					\$61,983.13 \$0.00	
47151 47151: Scott County 8 47153 47153: Sequatchie County 3	\$3,533,345.05 \$166,870.31	\$3,533,345.05 \$166,870.31	\$0.00 \$1, \$0.00		\$139,992.95 \$54,485.36			\$48,745.89	\$394,209.00 \$0.00		\$76,846.57 \$63,639.06			\$263,104.19 \$0.00	\$137,293.33	0.00 \$967,619.99 \$0.00		\$5	\$0.00						
47153 47153: Sequatorile County 3 47155 47155: Sevier County 5	\$4,938,732.80				ψοτ, του.συ	40.50		ψ40,140.09	\$390,585.76 \$0.00 \$2,487,880																\$25,893.12 \$0.0
47157 47157: Shelby County 10 47159 47159: Smith County 10		\$118,191,715.07 \$3,799,155.94			3,181,810.20 \$31,710.85	\$0.00 \$3,865,156.28 \$0.00	0 \$8,784,343.58 \$0.00	\$4,972,557.12 \$116,336.00		\$24,215,072.84 \$0. \$23,006.50 \$0.		\$0.00	\$890,299.90 \$0.00		\$9,278,146.32 \$0 \$1,993,823,78 \$0	0.00 0.00 \$338,137.22 \$0.00	\$32,691,707.74	0.00 \$1,719,773.54 \$0.00 \$21,448.06 \$0.00 \$1	18,750.00 \$0.00 \$47,130.61		\$0.00 \$13,024,753.17 \$	J.00		\$291,403.53 \$0.00	
47169 47169: Smith County 10 47161 47161: Stewart County 4	\$3,799,155.94 \$225,844.68	\$225,844.68			\$31,710.05	\$0.00	\$149,648.14 \$0.00			\$23,000.50 \$0.	5145,445.49	\$0.00	\$090,299.90 \$0.00		\$1,993,023.76	0.00 \$336,137.22 \$0.00	\$56,323.51 \$0.00	\$21,440.00 \$0.00 \$		\$0.00			\$0.00 \$0.00		
47163 47163: Sullivan County 2	\$439,886.17	\$399,475.17	\$40,411.00		\$399,475.17 \$40,																				\$0.00 \$0.0
47165 47165: Sumner County 5 47167 47167: Tipton County 9	\$2,808,518.81 \$43,054,007.13	\$2,808,518.81 \$42,817,644.63	\$0.00 \$236,362.50			\$325,697.18 \$0.00	\$2,393,176.47 \$0.00	\$343,851.30 \$0.00 \$143,903.74	\$0.00		\$578,724.28	\$0.00					\$560,169.82 \$0.00 \$480,825.38 \$236,3	2.50 \$38.73	\$463,492.47 34,505.03 \$0.00 \$44,484.89		\$0.00 \$57,551.41 \$		\$976,095.17 \$0.00	\$483,064.17 \$0.00	
47171 47171: Unicoi County 3	\$9,307,744.62	\$9,307,744.62	\$0.00					ψ110,000.74			\$0.00	\$0.00		\$276,711.73 \$0.00			ψ 100,020.00 ψ200,0	ψου, το	ψ11,τυτ.00	, 4 10,022.10	Ψ.,			\$9	9,031,032.89 \$0.0
47173 47173: Union County 2 47175 47175: Van Buren County 3	\$487,312.35 \$66,618.80	\$487,312.35 \$66,618.80		\$419,506.35 \$0.00					\$53,842.03 \$0.00		\$67,806.00 \$12,776.77											\$0.00 \$0.00			
47175 47175: Van Buren County 3 47177 47177: Warren County 3	\$66,618.80 \$872,363.19	\$66,618.80	\$0.00 \$0.00						\$53,842.03 \$0.00 \$521,982.27 \$0.00		\$12,776.77 \$350,380.92											φυ.υυ φυ.υυ		\$0.00 \$0.00	
47179 47179: Washington County 4	\$13,756,522.00	\$13,756,522.00	\$0.00		\$593,772.84									\$102,210.76 \$0.00		2442 222 25		\$360,405.01 \$0.00	04 505 00	0.00					2,700,133.39 \$0.0
47181 47181: Wayne County 7 47183 47183: Weakley County 7		\$1,435,388.82 \$5,923,749.04			\$158,471.24 \$128,788.08	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$211,814.07 \$894,913.00	\$89,556.91	\$200,900.83 \$0.00 \$0.00		\$130,892.71	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00		\$72.495.09	9 \$0.00	\$416,969.95 \$0.00	\$5,412,562.68 \$0.00 \$8,532.21		94,535.02 \$0.00 \$23,619.07	\$0.00			\$0.00 \$0.00		
47185 47185: White County 2	\$1,306,457.26	\$1,306,457.26	\$0.00					400,000.01	\$1,306,457.26 \$0.00					ψ. L, 100.00			V0.00 V0,502.21		\$0.00	\$0.00			, 		
47187 47187: Williamson County 1	\$553,973.00 \$22,542,515,42	\$553,973.00 \$22,542,515.42	\$0.00 \$0.00										\$22,300,904.34 \$0.00			\$553,973.00 \$0.00 \$241,611.08 \$0.00	\$0.00								
17189 47189: Wilson County 3	Ψ 22,342,315.42			C44 450 70	0.400.407.12 \$6.547	7 463 00 \$7 041 838 43 \$55 333 0	0 \$18,433,516.77 \$975,388.00 \$6,940,346.04 \$44,529.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$7.524.647.93 \$296.873.14 \$5.444.967.60 \$39	9,032.63 \$34,509,703.44 \$1,155,533.14 \$3,608,331	1.01 \$21,370.00 \$31,960,035.12 \$333,461.	00 \$21,971,634.66 \$653	3,020.30 \$13,792,018.83 \$206,983.45			\$7 \$57,242.00 \$19,738,945.55 \$56,025		\$0.00 \$0.00 96.17 \$891,621.00 \$18,705,946.08 \$0.00 \$35,372,030.64 \$236,3	2.50 \$7,173,037.84 \$0.00 \$46,19	96,319.07 \$0.00 \$28,701,806.95	\$0.00 \$19.234.532.78	\$0.00 \$14,456,110.73 \$	20.00 \$10.096 127.50 \$0.00	\$13,801,245.59 \$0.00		

APPENDIX

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DATA VISUALIZATION TOOLS

It is evident the U.S. is already paying a steep price for this challenge. Rebuild by Design partnered with APTIM and iParametrics to create the following visual tools to demonstrate how climate events have affected each state. The set of six maps depicts which areas have been hit the hardest by recent climate events, where recovery funds are focused, where those individuals with high social vulnerabilities live, and which areas have the least energy reliability.

The U.S. needs to change the way it is making funding decisions. Where we make priority investments is equally important to what we invest in. Returns on investments (ROI) in the form of social benefits to communities needs to be part of grant evaluations. The U.S. need to utilize new decision-making frameworks that are forward-looking. The final map in the set includes an example of a new decisionmaking framework that takes into account current vulnerabilities and future climate risks. This is one example of how physical and social vulnerability indicators could inform where investments in adaptation infrastructure can yield high returns in social benefits to the most impacted communities. Our team recognizes, however, that there are other decision-making frameworks to explore, and further research is needed to understand which indicators should be included in any state-specific model. Given the ever-present constraints on funding availability, the intent of presenting these maps together is to prompt investments that address multiple known vulnerabilities simultaneously within projects, furthering comprehensive climate adaptation planning.

The following data are designed as a tool to help communities understand their risks to make better-informed choices with higher returns on investment, though each state should determine their own framework for investment.

There are always many ways to present these data. For the purposes of this report, we chose to analyze the years 2011–2024. The following six maps and two tables are presented in this format with the following considerations and limitations:

GEOGRAPHIC MAP

The map provides topographic and geographic context for each state and its surrounding areas, indicating whether the state encompasses coastal, riverine, lake, alpine, or desert land.

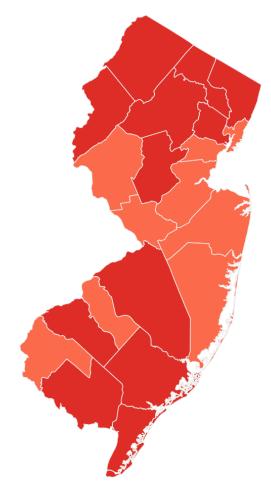


GEOGRAPHIC MAP. SOURCE: ESRI WORLD IMAGERY BASEMAP

DISASTER DECLARATIONS (RED)

This map shows federally declared climate disasters by county from 2011-2024 – providing a snapshot of the magnitude of climate disasters across the country in recent history. This report only identifies federally declared disasters, as there is no entity that collects and publishes state disaster declarations. It should be noted that the declarations shown in this report do not reflect every climate event that has occurred between 2011-2024; the report instead only shows those which have met the cost threshold for a federal disaster declaration. Therefore, the findings overall underestimate the number of occurrences and the suffering that some communities have experienced.

According to the Stafford Act, as amended in May 2021, a "major disaster" includes "any natural catastrophe (including any hurricane, tornado, storm, high water, winddriven water, tidal wave, tsunami, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, snowstorm, or drought), or, regardless of cause, any fire, flood,



DISASTER OCCURRENCES SOURCE: FEMA 2011-2024 MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN

or explosion, in any part of the United States, which in the determination of the President causes damage of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant major disaster assistance under this Act to supplement the efforts and available resources of States, local governments, and disaster relief organizations in alleviating the damage, loss, hardship, or suffering caused thereby."

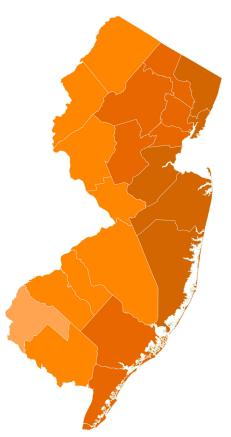
Importantly, extreme heat waves do not fit the criteria for federal disaster declarations despite being the leading cause of deaths among climate hazards. Likewise, sea level rise is not included in this definition despite the threat it poses to numerous communities, including damage to property, loss of land, and displacement.

It should be noted that while most disaster declarations are due to climate events, there are a few instances of disasters due to other natural hazards, such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions. Though these events are not increasing in magnitude or frequency due to climate change, the severity of their impact may be connected. As climate impacts degrade household and critical infrastructure, communities may become more vulnerable to other natural hazards. Retrofitting infrastructure after these events often requires the same measures as floods, tornadoes, fires, etc., so these events were included in the report to demonstrate the need to prioritize multi hazard adaptation approaches.

42 APPENDIX APPENDIX 43

FEDERAL ASSISTANCE (ORANGE)

The map shows the amount of federal dollars allocated to counties through FEMA's Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation Grant Programs between 2011-2024 which allocates funding to individual counties and statewide. The map does not show where "statewide" allocations were spent within the state, but rather only shows county allocations. However, these statewide allocation amounts are included in the Disaster Declaration table at the end of each chapter and included in the "FEMA Total" provided next to the map. The adjacent table adds HUD's Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery funds – which are only available to states after a disaster – to the FEMA Total for an estimate of federal post-disaster spending in each state.



FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SOURCE: FEMA (HA+PM) 2011-2024 MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN

The Disaster Declaration tables provided at the end of each chapter show all federal Disaster Declarations declared between 2011-2024 and the corresponding FEMA obligations associated with those events.

However, in some instances, FEMA continues to obligate funds for years following a declaration. Some states have received funds for events that took place

between 2011-2024 after 2024, so the total sum of funds associated with that event are not captured. All FEMA funds allocated to counties between 2011-2024 are shown in the federal assistance map; however, they do not show up in the Disaster Declaration table if their corresponding event took place prior to 2011. For example, counties in the State of Illinois are still receiving funds from a 1960s storm. The funds obligated to those counties are included in the map, but that event is not included in the Disaster Declaration table at the end of the chapter.

There are additional sources of federal funding made available to governments or individuals in response to disasters, such as the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) projects, Small Business Administration (SBA) loans, and private insurance payouts, which are not included in this report because they are harder to uniformly track and/or must be paid back. Therefore, our findings underestimate the total support available to states and individuals post-disaster.

Since disaster aid is allocated to repair physical damage to property, events such as extreme heat, which largely creates physical damage to persons and not property, rarely qualify for federal disaster recovery aid. Additionally, there is only a shallow understanding of the economic impact of social and health-related costs and environmental degradation after a disaster.

SOCIAL VULNERABILITY INDEX (GREEN)

Social vulnerability refers to the potential negative effects on communities caused by external stresses on human well-being. Such stresses include natural or human-caused disasters or disease outbreaks. The factors that determine social vulnerability are directly tied to social determinants of health or the social, economic, and physical factors - such as race, socioeconomic status, and environmental conditions - that influence health. Socially vulnerable populations fare the worst during a disaster and often take longer to recover. The Center for Disease Control/ Agency for Toxic Substance and Disease Registry Social Vulnerability Index (CDC/ATSDR SVI) uses 15 U.S. census variables to help local officials identify communities that may need support before, during, or after disasters. The map presents the SVI on a census block



SOCIAL VULNERABILITY SOURCE: CDC/ATSDR 2022 MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN

level, indicating where the most socially vulnerable populations within each county live. The 15 indicators are grouped into four themes:

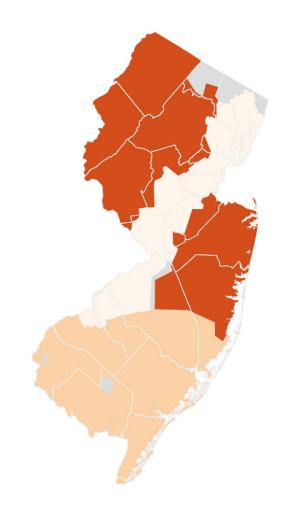
- Socioeconomic Status (below poverty, unemployed, income, no high school diploma);
- Household Composition & Disability (aged 65 or older, aged 17 or younger, older than age 5 with a disability, single-parent households);
- Minority Status & Language (minority, speak English "less than well"); and
- Housing Type & Transportation (multi-unit structures, mobile homes, crowding, no vehicle, group quarters).

Social Vulnerability Index data are not being used to make post-disaster assistance funding decisions. HUD only requires Low and Moderate Income for a portion of their funding. FEMA does not consider it in their allocations.

ENERGY RELIABILITY (BROWN)

Climate events often lead to energy disruptions for hours, days, or weeks. This map shows the annual average interruption time (in minutes) across the different energy utility providers within a state. Regions (or utility territories) in the darkest shade, on average, experience longer energy outages. These data are aggregated by utility territory, not county, meaning more than one provider can serve a county or group of counties.

Viewing the Energy Reliability Map next to the SVI Map, one can begin to infer which regions have the most socially vulnerable residents and are served by the least reliable energy providers. Energy reliability is increasingly becoming related to climate disasters and weather events. Inclusion of these maps is to support evaluation of need for concurrent flood and energy resilience projects.



ENERGY RELIABILITY SOURCE: US ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION 2023 MAP MADE BY REBUILD BY DESIGN

44 APPENDIX APPENDIX 45

System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)

is one of the performance metrics used to measure the reliability of an electric utility's service. This metric measures the total time (in minutes) an average customer experiences a non-momentary power interruption over a one-year (calendar) period.

A Major Event Day (MED) is another metric which occurs when the SAIDI exceeds a specific threshold within a given day and tends to reflect outages on the longer end of the spectrum. The data presented in this report shows a metric of SAIDI combined with MED to highlight and report electric reliability in areas (utility territories) irrespective of the root cause of the interruption. The Energy Reliability Map displays the SAIDI_W_MED metric for utility territories and highlights areas that are susceptible to electric system vulnerabilities based on reliability performances. These vulnerabilities serve as an indicator as to where investments and improvements in the distribution grid should be focused.

Electric utilities experience power interruptions due to a variety of issues. Those issues include inclement weather, vegetation management practices, utility practices, maintenance patterns, and capital investment strategy, among others, which all play a part in a utility's overall reliability performance. The U.S. Energy Information Administration produces an Annual Electric Power Industry Report which utilizes data collected from U.S. electric utilities reflecting their reliability performance against certain industry standards and performance metrics. Utilities have the flexibility to report interruptions according to duration and frequency either with major events, without major events, or both.

The annual SAIDI is the summation of the individual SAIDIs for each non-momentary interruption event over the entire year (2023):

 $SAIDI = \frac{\sum (Duration of Interruption \times No. of Sustained Customer Interruptions)}{Total No. of Customers Served}$

For utilities that report SAIDI metrics using the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) standards, "non-momentary" interruptions are those lasting

longer than five minutes. A Major Event Day (MED) is another metric which occurs when the SAIDI exceeds a specific threshold within a given day and tends to reflect outages on the longer end of the spectrum.

Utilities have certain flexibilities when reporting with these metrics. Including MED in the SAIDI metric (SAIDI_W_MED) provides an overall picture of the electric reliability experienced by customers. Excluding MED from the SAIDI metrics (SAIDI_WO_MED) tends to separate power interruption events by their durations, which provides an indicator of the source of the power interruption (i.e., distinguishes a Major Event vs. Systematic Operation interruption).

Our methodology utilizes SAIDI_W_MED as the primary measurement indicator for the electric reliability experience of the end user (customer). Our SAIDI_W_MED metric highlights the reported electric reliability in areas (utility territories, counties, and states) irrespective of the root cause of the interruption. Our metric does not exclude interruptions categorized as MEDs.

This report endeavors to highlight areas across the national electric distribution network (utility territories) that are susceptible to electric system vulnerabilities based on historical reliability of performance. We view vulnerabilities caused by major events (longer duration outages) on par with vulnerabilities caused by systematic failures (shorter duration outages) and believe they should equally drive electric grid investment and improvement decisions. These investments should also incorporate solutions aimed at mitigating systemic vulnerabilities that stem from issues like vegetation management practices, distribution automation improvements to major event vulnerabilities with root causes embedded in grid hardening, distribution generation schemes, and Automated Metering Infrastructure (AMI) upgrades aimed at minimizing customer interruption numbers and durations.

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